
HYCOM-NORWECOM: Results and future plans

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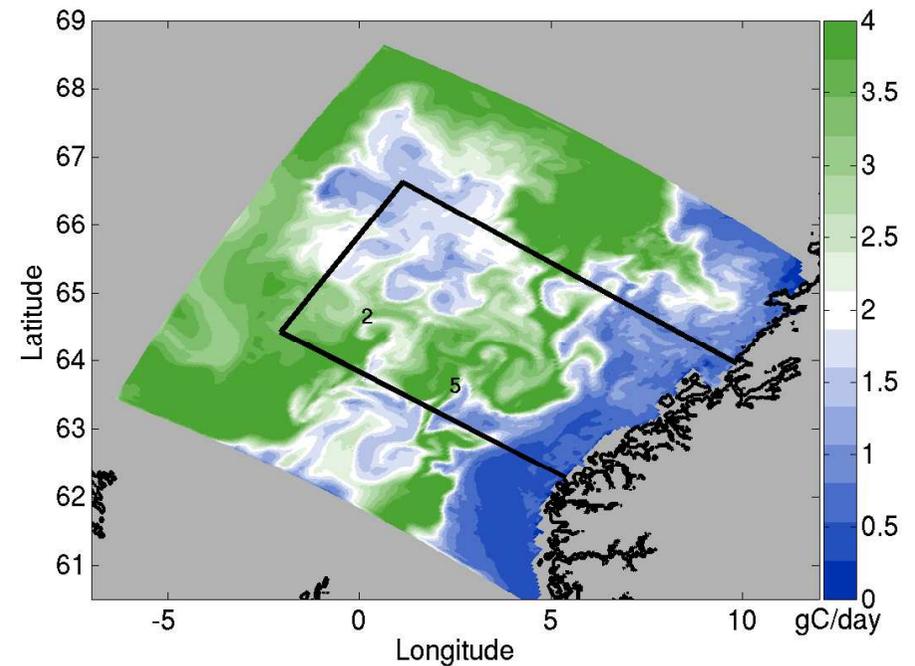
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Outline

- ◇ Objective
- ◇ Model grids used in first experiment
- ◇ Results
- ◇ Conclusions
- ◇ Future work

Objective

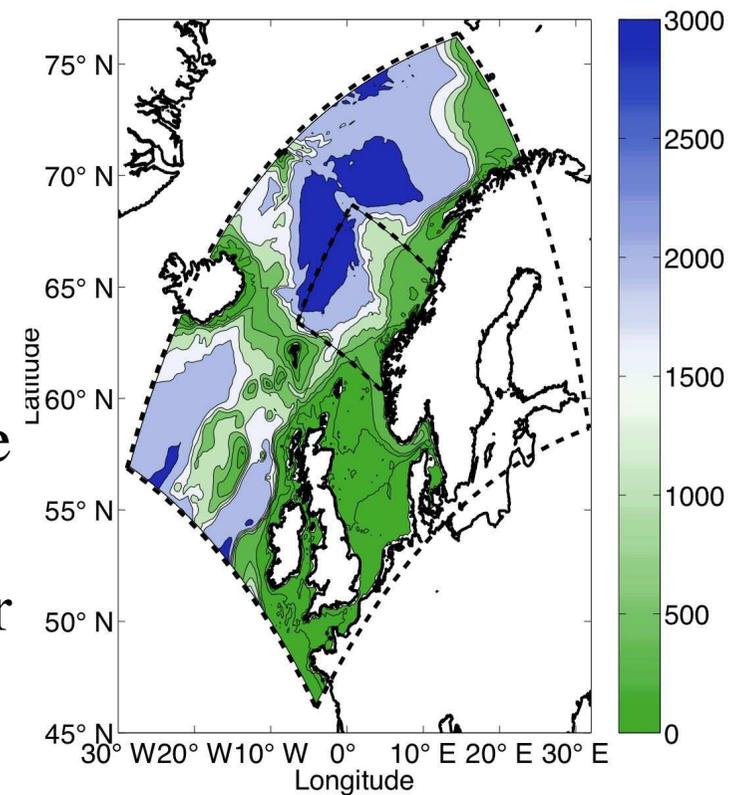
Objective: Explore the magnitude of the effect from mesoscale activity on a coupled ecosystem-physical model system.



Daily primary production(gC/m^2)
from diatoms, julianday 145, 1995

Model grids

- ◇ Three model grids in the focus area
- ◇ Horizontal resolution in focus area: 50km - 16km - 4.5km (LARGE, MEDIUM, FINE respectively)
- ◇ Same vertical distribution in all three model grids, 23 vertical layers
- ◇ Nesting conditions from larger model, also biological parameters



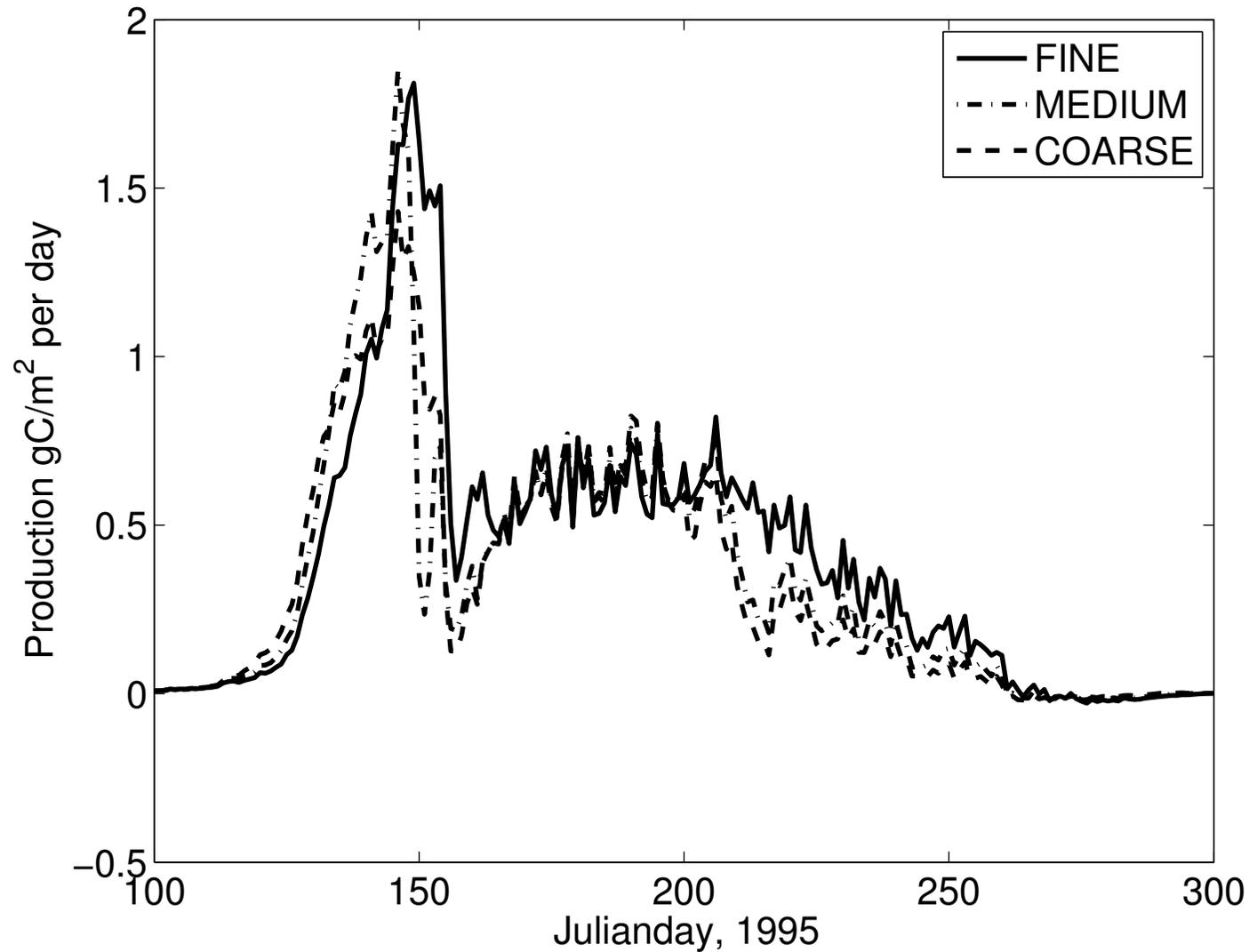
Ecosystem model: NORWECOM

- ◇ Ten components, including two phytoplankton classes (diatoms and flagellates)
- ◇ Nitrate, phosphate and silicate
- ◇ Detritus and biogenic silica
- ◇ Oxygen, sediments and yellow substances
- ◇ Coupled to HYCOM through mixing, advection and light

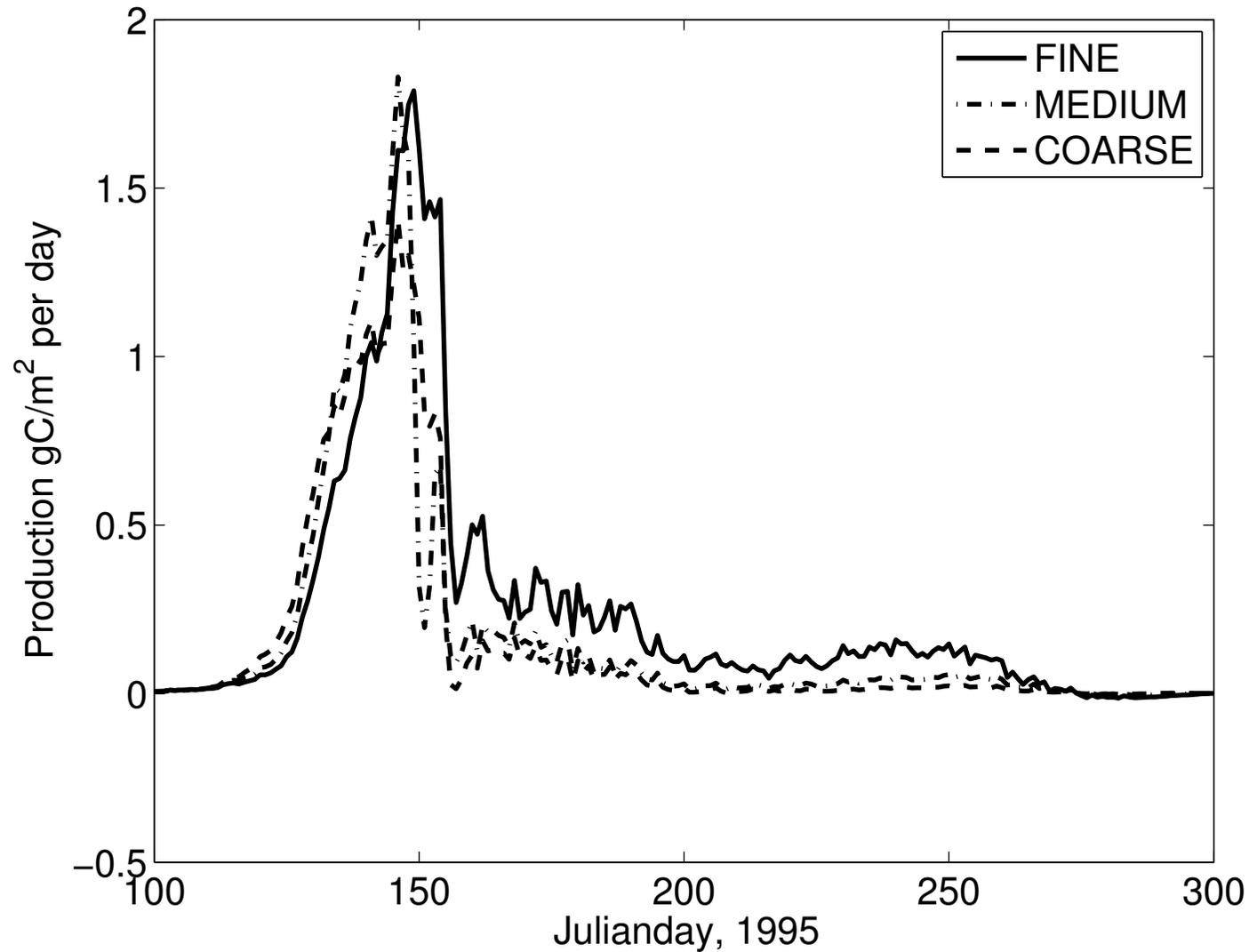
Two main results:

- ◇ When the horizontal grid size reached the same scale as the Rossby radius in the area, the differences got large.
- ◇ The composition of the phytoplankton groups included in the ecosystem model changed when the mesoscale activity was resolved

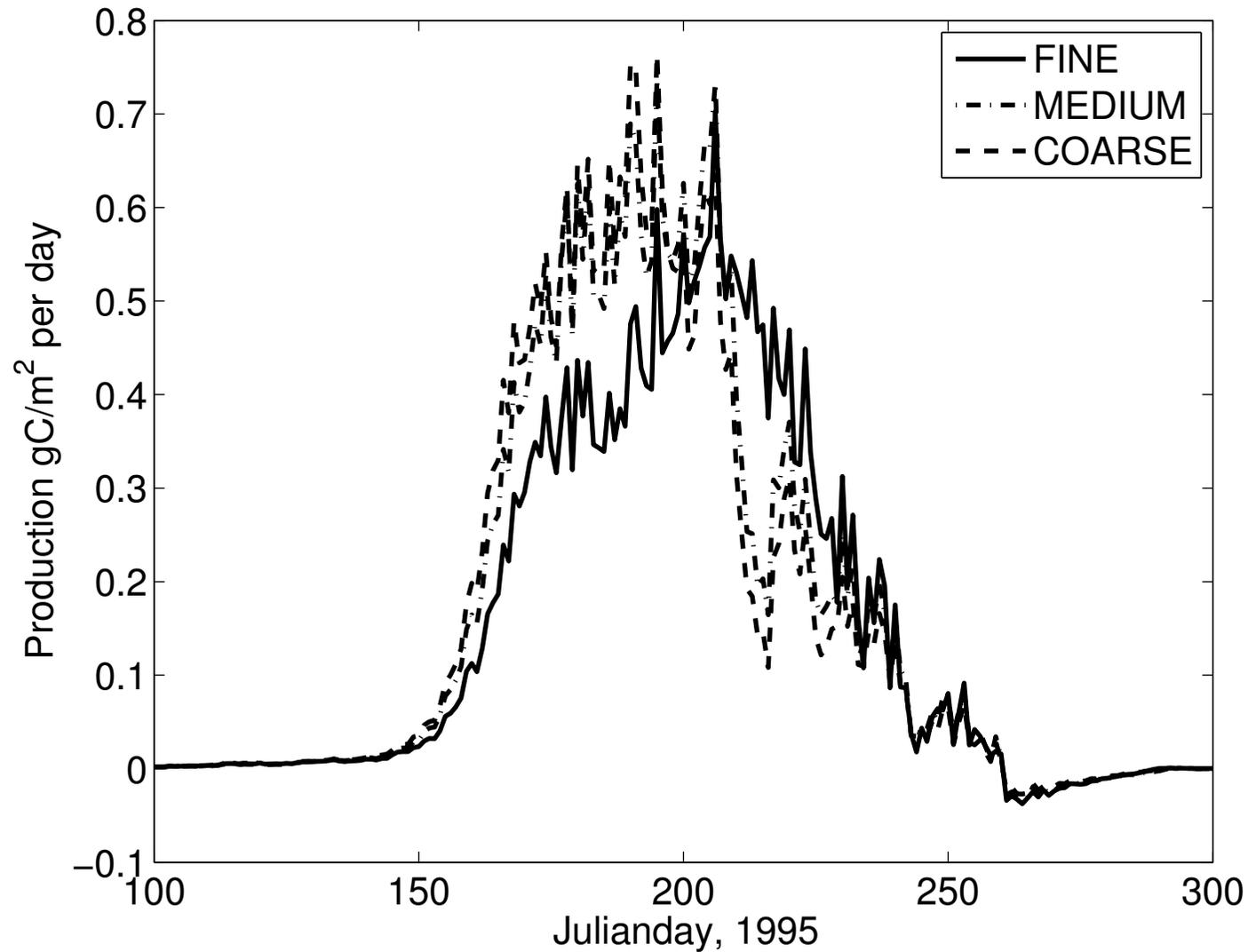
Results: Net primary production



Results: Diatom net primary production



Results: Flagellate net primary production



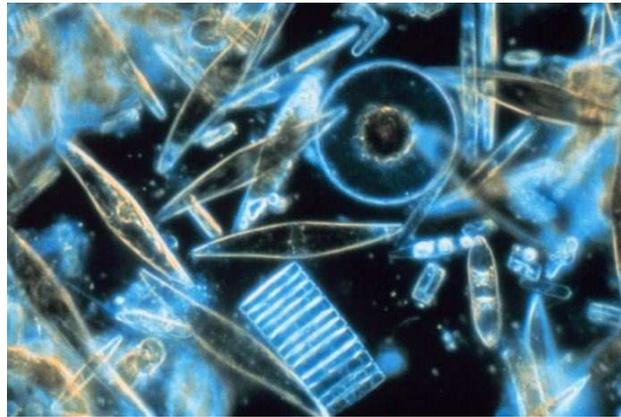
Conclusions

- ◇ Overall increase in primary production when resolving the mesoscale activity
- ◇ Expect more changes if the horizontal model grid resolution is further increased
- ◇ Changes in the phytoplankton population due to transport of nutrients into the euphotic zone

Future work

- ◇ Process study of Haltenbanken, connections between physical processes, phytoplankton and zooplankton
- ◇ Differences in primary production between warm and cold years (high/low NAO years)
- ◇ Operational runs?

THE END!



(from http://en.wikivisual.com/index.php/Cell_wall)

Equations for the biological parameters

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial N}{\partial t} + adv(N) &= diff(N) + R_{Dia} + R_{Fla} \\ &+ cc_4 Det - (P_{Dia} + P_{Fla}) + \phi(N)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial P}{\partial t} + adv(P) &= diff(P) + cc_1(R_{Dia} + R_{Fla} \\ &+ cc_4 Det - (P_{Dia} + P_{Fla})) + \phi(P)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial Si}{\partial t} + adv(Si) &= diff(Si) - cc_2 P_{Dia} \\ &+ scc_4 Sis + \phi(P)\end{aligned}$$

Equations continues

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial Det}{\partial t} + adv(Det) &= diff(Det) + cc_3(Dia + Fla) \\ &- cc_4 Det + \phi(Det) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial Sis}{\partial t} + adv(Sis) &= diff(Sis) + cc_2(R_{Dia} + cc_3 Dia) \\ &- scc_4 Sis + \phi(Sis) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial Dia}{\partial t} + adv(Dia) &= diff(Dia) + P_{Dia} - R_{Dia} \\ &- cc_3 Dia + \phi(Dia) \end{aligned}$$

Equations continues

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial Fla}{\partial t} + adv(Fla) &= diff(Fla) + P_{Fla} - R_{Fla} \\ &- cc_3 Fla + \phi(Fla) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial Oxy}{\partial t} + adv(Oxy) &= diff(Oxy) + scc_1(P_{Dia} + P_{Fla} \\ &- R_{Fla} - R_{Dia} - cc_4 Det) + \phi(Oxy) \end{aligned}$$